MEMORANDUM

TO: Board of Trustees

THROUGH: Steven J. Pinkerton
General Manager

FROM: Joseph J. Pomroy, P.E.
Director of Public Works

Charley Miller, P.E.
Engineering Manager

SUBJECT: Review, Discuss, and Authorize Chair and Legal Counsel to sign the Certificate of Authority and Certification Regarding Lobbying and submit them with the Effluent Basin Storage Improvements Project Scope of Work to the United States Army Corps of Engineers as part of the application process for Design and Construction Assistance under the Water Resources Development Act of 1999, Section 595.

STRATEGIC PLAN: Long Range Principle 5 – Assets and Infrastructure

DATE: February 15, 2019

I. RECOMMENDATION

That the Board of Trustees moves to authorize Chair and Legal Counsel to execute the Certificate of Authority and Certification Regarding Lobbying and submit them with the Effluent Basin Storage Improvements Project Scope of Work to the United States Army Corps of Engineers as part of the application process for Design and Construction Assistance under the Water Resources Development Act of 1999, Section 595.

II. DISTRICT STRATEGIC PLAN

Long Range Principle #5 – Assets and Infrastructure – The District will practice perpetual asset renewal, replacement, and improvement to provide safe and superior long term utility services and recreation activities.
The District will maintain, renew, expand, and enhance District infrastructure to meet the capacity needs and desires of the community for future generations.

Complete condition analysis and project scoping for the Effluent Export Project – Phase II and continue to pursue project partnerships and federal funding to reduce District costs.

III. BACKGROUND

Incline Village General Improvement District (IVGID) currently owns, operates and maintains an existing earthen basin at its water resource recovery facility (WRRF) to temporarily store WRFF effluent for brief durations. The existing basin has a storage capacity of approximately 2 million gallons (MG) and is unlined and not permitted for use by NDEP. The Effluent Export Project Phase II includes the lining of the effluent pond at the WRFF for near and long term purposes. The scope of work that also includes a cost estimate for this project follows this memorandum. The District now has the opportunity to submit this project to the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) for a Design and Construction Assistance Agreement under Section 595 of the Water Resources Development Act 1999 and its amendments.

The District has had a long positive working relationship with the USACE in funding and constructing infrastructure and environmental improvement projects since 2002. The District has received $15.5 million dollars through the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation Act (WIIN Act 2016) Section 595 Program for the Effluent Export Project. The WIIN Act was formerly called the Water Resources Development Act. The District has also received $6 million from the Lake Tahoe Restoration Act Section 108 Program for funding Environmental Restoration Projects that was matched with $2 million of State of Nevada Funding for Mill, Incline and Third Creeks Restoration Projects.

The District and the District’s Legislative Advocate, worked with the Nevada Delegation and other western states on raising the authorization of the Section 595 Program of the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation Act (WIIN Act 2016). Nevada will be collaborating on Rural Section 595 with five other states, New Mexico, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho and Utah, who already have projects which qualify under Section 595. The new Section 595 Program increased the authorization limit by $100 million over the previous limit to allow new annual appropriations through the Federal Budget process.
New language was inserted into Section 595 that clarifies that funding caps do not apply to individual States and that unspent monies can be re-allocated to priority projects in any state. This was an extremely important piece of language to have added because the US Army Corps was not open to discussing a new Project Partnership Agreement because they had interpreted that Nevada had spent their allocation of funds under Section 595.

In 2017, Staff and Marcus Faust worked with the US Army Corps staff in Sacramento and US Army Corps staff in Washington on bulletins describing this new language change. This provided the opportunity for the District to pursue a new Project Partnership Agreement with the USACE.

V. **FINANCIAL IMPACT AND BUDGET**

The Effluent Storage Basin Improvements is included in the District’s Capital Improvement Budget under the Effluent Export Line – Phase II Project. The Design and Construction Assistance Agreement provides up to 75% reimbursement of qualifying expenses as specified in the agreement. The current scope of work has the following project budget for the Effluent Storage Basin Improvements and shows the cost share components.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated Project Total</th>
<th>$2,710,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USACE Share</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IVGID Share</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VI. **ALTERNATIVES**

None proposed.

VII. **BUSINESS IMPACT**

This item is not a "rule" within the meaning of Nevada Revised Statutes, Chapter 237, and does not require a Business Impact Statement.
TO: LAURA WHITNEY/USACE SACRAMENTO DISTRICT
FROM: JOSEPH J. POMROY, P.E./IVGID
SUBJECT: IVGID EFFLUENT STORAGE BASIN IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK
DATE: FEBRUARY 15, 2019

BACKGROUND

The Incline Village General Improvement District (IVGID or District) operates a wastewater collection, treatment, and effluent export system that serves the communities of Incline Village and Crystal Bay, NV and the Nevada State Parks (Sand Harbor, Spooner and Memorial Point) located at Lake Tahoe. A critical component of this operation is the 2.4 million gallon primary effluent storage basin located adjacent to the wastewater resource recovery facility (Plant). This storage basin was designed to provide automated back-up effluent storage in the event the Plant's 500,000 gallon effluent storage tank fills to capacity. By lining the storage basin, it will allow for effluent storage during emergency situations and planned effluent pipeline repair and replacement construction projects. The lining will also eliminate the need to retreat this effluent through the Plant, speeding recovery from the incident. Depending on the time of year and associated influent flows at the Plant, the primary effluent storage basin can provide between 1.6 and 3.2 days of storage. The primary storage basin also ensures there is adequate storage capacity to accommodate a multiple day power outage that interrupts Plant operations.

As a condition of IVGID's current operating permit with the Nevada Department of Environmental Protection (NDEP), the District is no longer allowed to utilize the primary effluent storage basin for storage because it is unlined. This significantly hampers the District's ability to conduct planned maintenance of the effluent export system and puts IVGID at risk of a discharge of effluent to the waters of Lake Tahoe in the event of a significant emergency.

EFFLUENT STORAGE IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT

Analysis conducted as a component of the IVGID Effluent Export Project Predesign Report July 2004 indicates that, due to the regulatory limitations associated with the use of the Primary Effluent Storage Basin, there is insufficient operational storage available to IVGID to provide adequate redundancy and reliability of the effluent export system.

The following improvements are proposed to be completed to allow routine use of the Primary Effluent Storage Basin:

1) Clear, grub, and re-grade the Primary Effluent Storage Basin.
2) Construct improvements to allow impervious containment of effluent within the Primary Effluent Storage Basin.
3) Install fencing around the basin periphery for security and safety.
4) Construct mechanical improvements to allow the Primary Effluent Storage Basin to be operated in conjunction with the Effluent Storage Reservoir.
5) Replace and automate existing piping, pumping system, and controls to allow unattended operation of the Primary Effluent Storage Basin.

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

An Environmental Assessment is anticipated to be required for this project. The USACE will be the lead agency and perform all field work and document composition with assistance from the District staff.

As a reference, the District completed an Environmental Assessment to allow previous effluent export system improvements. The Environmental Assessment was completed in October 2004 with a Finding of No Significant Impact, issued by the USACE. The area of impact for the recommended improvements to the Primary Effluent Storage Basin is contained within the Environmental Assessment’s Project Area and studied as a component of the project analysis.

PROJECT WORK TO DATE

The following work has been completed or is underway to allow implementation of the Primary Effluent Storage Basin improvements:

- Expansion of the access road around the wastewater treatment plant to improve ingress/egress to allow construction of improvements to the Primary Effluent Storage Basin. This work included the purchase of an adjacent parcel.
- A contract with a consulting engineer is currently underway to complete pre-design analysis that evaluates alternatives, makes recommendations, completes preliminary design, and develops construction cost estimates to implement the above listed effluent storage recommendations. This work was completed in September 2018.

CONCEPTUAL PROJECT MILESTONES

- Complete pre-design analysis – September 2018
- Final design and environmental entitlement – March 2019 - September 2019
- Project bidding and contract award – December 2019 - January 2019
- Project construction – July 2020 - October 2020
CONCEPTUAL PROJECT BUDGET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Component</th>
<th>Estimated Cost</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Site Civil</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reservoir Improvements</td>
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<td>Piping, Mechanical, &amp; Controls</td>
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<td>IVGID Project Administration &amp; Management</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated Project Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,710,000</strong></td>
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USACE Share (75%)                       $2,032,500
IVGID Share (25%)                       $677,500

ESTIMATED FISCAL YEAR(FY) BUDGET

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>IVGID Project Administration &amp; Management</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,710,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PROJECT LOCAL SHARE

IVGID presently has sufficient funds in Utility Fund Reserves to provide the necessary project local share.
SECTION 595 – WRDA 1999, AS AMENDED

ENVIRONMENTAL INFRASTRUCTURE

IDAHO, MONTANA, RURAL NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, RURAL UTAH, AND WYOMING

MODEL AGREEMENT
FOR
DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION
ASSISTANCE

(WORK PERFORMED BY NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR)

OCTOBER 25, 2005
REVISED - NOVEMBER 19, 2005
REVISED - JULY 15, 2009

APPLICABILITY. – The attached model agreement is one of six models for the provision of environmental assistance to non-Federal interests in Idaho, Montana, rural Nevada, New Mexico, rural Utah, and Wyoming pursuant to Section 595 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1999, Public Law 106-53, as amended (Section 595) projects. The following descriptions of the six models are provided to assist in determining the correct model to be used for your project. None of the models discussed below should be used for the provision of environmental infrastructure assistance pursuant to any other authority. Models for the provision of environmental infrastructure assistance pursuant to other authorities can be found in the approved model section of the PCA Web page. If there is no approved model posted in the approved model section of the PCA Web page that is applicable to your particular environmental infrastructure authorization, the District Project Delivery Team should consult with the appropriate HQ RIT for guidance on drafting the appropriate agreement.

Section 595 Non-Federal Design and Construction – The attached model should be used for Section 595 projects when the sponsor requests both design and construction of the project be undertaken in one agreement and the sponsor will be performing the work on the project. The Federal share will be provided in the form of reimbursement. An agreement using this model may be approved and executed prior to compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations including, but not necessarily limited to, the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321-7370e) and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341). However, the necessary compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations will be performed during the design portion of the agreement and must be completed prior to initiation of construction.

Section 595 Non-Federal Design – Use only for Section 595 projects when the
sponsor requests design for the project be undertaken in the agreement and the sponsor will be performing the work on the project. The Federal share will be provided in the form of reimbursement. Since this agreement is limited to design, compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations is not required prior to approval and execution of the agreement.

Section 595 Non-Federal Construction – Use only for Section 595 projects when the sponsor requests construction of the project be undertaken in the agreement and the sponsor will be performing the work on the project. The Federal share will be provided in the form of reimbursement. An agreement using this model may not be approved and executed prior to compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations including, but not necessarily limited to, NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321-7370e) and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341).

Section 595 Federal Design – Use only for Section 595 projects when the sponsor requests design for the project be undertaken in the agreement and requests the Government to perform the work on the project. Optional language is included in the model addressing if the sponsor wants to perform some of the design. Since this agreement is limited to design, compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations is not required prior to approval and execution of the agreement.

Section 595 Federal Construction – Use only for Section 595 projects when the sponsor requests construction of the project be undertaken in the agreement and requests the Government to perform the work on the project. Optional language is included in the model addressing if the sponsor wants to perform some of the construction. An agreement using this model may not be approved and executed prior to compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations including, but not necessarily limited to, NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321-7370e) and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341).

Section 595 Federal Design and Construction – Use only for Section 595 projects when the sponsor requests both design and construction of the project be undertaken in one agreement and requests the Government to perform the work on the project. Optional language is included in the model addressing if the sponsor wants to perform some of the design or construction. An agreement using this model may be approved and executed prior to compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations including, but not necessarily limited to, NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321-7370e) and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341). However, the necessary compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations will be performed during the design portion of the agreement and must be completed prior to initiation of construction.

NOTES. – The following pages (iv – xi) contain numbered notes to assist in drafting an agreement for your project using this model. Throughout the model agreement, there are references to the numbered notes (example: [SEE NOTE – 7]) to direct you to the appropriate note that provides explanation and guidance on use of optional language or
information required to fill in the blanks. Several of the notes are general in nature and should be reviewed and discussed with the sponsor during preparation of the draft agreement for your project.

OPTIONAL LANGUAGE. — The use of optional language allows the model to be applicable to a larger universe of projects. Many of the numbered notes (example: [SEE NOTE – 8]) require you to choose between multiple versions of language or to choose whether or not to include a paragraph, sentence, or phrase depending on the specifics of your project. In many cases optional language to address a concept, such as the sponsor performing non-Federal design and construction work, is required in numerous locations throughout the agreement. Each of these locations has been identified with numbered notes; however, it is important to ensure that, if the optional language addressing a certain concept is included in one location, it is also included in all other appropriate locations. Correct use of the optional language is not considered a deviation from the model.

BLANKS. — There are numerous locations where information specific to your project is required to fill in a blank. All of the blanks must be filled in, except the date in the first paragraph, prior to forwarding the agreement for review. Including the information required to fill in a blank is not considered a deviation from the model.

DEFINED TERMS SHOWN IN ITALICS. — Throughout the agreement the terms defined in Article I are shown in italics. Do not remove any of the italics from the agreement.
NOTES:

1. FORMAT. - Remove the cover pages, notes section, all bold type references to notes, and any bold type text from the agreement prior to forwarding for review. Reminder: Do not remove any of the italics from the agreement.

2. SECTION 595 TERMINOLOGY. - The Section 595 program envisions a wide array of different types of projects, some of which do not fit the typical definition of construction. As a result, the terms “construction” and “construct” used throughout the agreement, may not be appropriate for all types of projects. Therefore, substitution throughout the agreement as appropriate, of “implementation” and “implement” for projects consisting of non-structural type activities or “construction and implementation” and “construct and implement” for projects that are a combination of typical construction and non-structural type activities is not considered a deviation from the model. If this change is made in one location, ensure that all other locations are similarly changed.

3. MULTIPLE SPONSORS. - In the event there are two or more entities serving as the sponsors for the project, and there is no division of responsibilities between or among them, the agreement can be modified to identify all the entities collectively as the “Non-Federal Sponsors”. However, it should be explained to all entities that the term “Non-Federal Sponsors” is construed to hold multiple sponsors jointly and severally responsible for compliance with all agreement obligations. The changes outlined below are required to identify all entities collectively as “Non-Federal Sponsors” and are not considered a deviation from the model.

   A. Modify title to include name of each entity serving as a sponsor.

   B. Modify first paragraph to include name of each entity serving as a sponsor. (Example: ... Magoffin County Fiscal Court represented by the Magoffin County Judge and the City of Salyersville, Kentucky represented by its Mayor (hereinafter the “Non-Federal Sponsors”))

   C. Change “Non-Federal Sponsor” to “Non-Federal Sponsors” throughout the agreement. There are several paragraphs where this change will require additional grammatical changes immediately following the phrase “Non-Federal Sponsors” to reflect multiple sponsors (i.e. “its” to “their” or “assumes” to “assume”, etc.).

   D. On the signature page, a separate signature block will be required for each entity serving as a sponsor.

   E. A separate Certificate of Authority will be required for each entity serving as a sponsor.

   F. A Certification Regarding Lobbying must be signed by each signatory to the agreement.
GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE. – Insert the title of the Government representative signing the agreement. Do not include the name, only the title. (Example: U.S. Army Engineer, Mobile District)

REFERENCE TO NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR. - Use “Non-Federal Sponsor”, “Local Sponsor”, “State”, “County”, “Commonwealth”, “Territory” or other identifier as preferred by the sponsor in the parenthetical phrase and consistently throughout the agreement. This change is not considered a deviation from the model. If this change is made in one location, ensure that all other locations are similarly changed.

NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR REPRESENTATIVE. – Insert the title of the sponsor’s representative signing the agreement. Do not include the name, only the title. The title shown for the sponsor’s representative should match the title shown on the signature page and should be preceded by “the” or “its”, as appropriate, to match the title of the sponsor’s representative. (Example: the Mayor)

LOCATION OF PROJECT. – Choose, Option (1) if the project in the agreement is located in Idaho; Option (2) if the project in the agreement is located in Montana; Option (3) if the project in the agreement is located in rural Nevada; Option (4) if the project in the agreement is located in New Mexico; Option (5) if the project in the agreement is located in rural Utah; or Option (6) if the project in the agreement is located in Wyoming. Delete, in their entirety, the options not used.

PRE-AGREEMENT DESIGN WORK. – Only design performed by the sponsor prior to the effective date of the agreement should be considered as pre-Agreement design work. The reasonable costs of pre-Agreement design work shall be included in total project costs which have not been included in any other agreement for the project. If the sponsor wants to include costs for pre-Agreement design work, then all language on pre-Agreement design work should be included in the agreement. For each location where optional language or an optional paragraph(s) is provided, include the optional language after the colon or the entire paragraph(s), as applicable, only if the sponsor is requesting costs for pre-Agreement design work be included in total project costs.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT. – The input required for the description of the project is described below.

A. Describe the project features to be undertaken pursuant to this agreement in detail sufficient to avoid any confusion over what is or is not included. If the project features to be undertaken pursuant to this agreement are an element of a countywide or statewide environmental infrastructure system, only the features to be undertaken in this agreement should be included in the description of the project. Reminder: Do not include any lands, easements, rights-of-way, (LER) or relocations requirements of the project in this description.

B. The title and date of the decision document that describes the project should be included (such as Scope of Work, Feasibility Report with Engineering Appendix, General
Also include the title of the approving official (such as Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works); Chief of Engineers; Commander, _______ Division; or Commander, _______ District) and the date of approval. The civilian format for any dates included in the agreement should be used. (Example: January 22, 2004)

C. For any projects where the proposed work is reconstruction, repair, or rehabilitation of existing environmental infrastructure features, the sponsor must verify in writing if it was constructed through any other Federal program and whether OMRR&R was required and that the proposed reconstruction, repair, or rehabilitation is not normal O&M activities required for the existing environmental infrastructure features. Performance of normal O&M activities should not be considered for implementation under this authority. The letter from the sponsor should be part of the PCA package. If the original construction of the environmental infrastructure feature was performed under a Federal program that required OMRR&R, you should consult with your MSC and your HQ RIT for guidance before proceeding any further.

10. BETTERMENTS. – A betterment is a difference in quality of an element of the project to be designed/constructed, not a difference in kind. (Example: install larger size or higher grade pipe than needed to meet Federal standards) The term “betterment” does not include any design or construction for features not included in the definition of the project as defined in the agreement.

11. LIMITATIONS ON REIMBURSEMENTS BY THE GOVERNMENT.

A. Because the definition of total project costs expressly excludes any value of LER and relocations and permit costs in excess of 25 percent of total project costs, amounts to be reimbursed to the sponsor under these paragraphs will never include any value of LER and relocations or permit costs.

B. The amount of reimbursement provided pursuant to Article II.D. in any fiscal year is subject to the applicable limitations of Section 102 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act, 2006, Public Law 109-103. The amount of reimbursement made under Article II.D. or VI.C.1. together with the credits or reimbursements proposed for all other applicable programs and projects cannot exceed the total limit indicated in each fiscal year. Each district should verify with your MSC and your HQ RIT to determine if you are impacted by this limitation.

12. ARTICLE II.E. - LIMITS ON FEDERAL PARTICIPATION.

A. CONGRESSIONAL ADD PARAGRAPH – Article II.E.1. - The dollar amount to be included in the first blank should be the amount of Federal funds that have been appropriated for the Section 595 Program for the applicable state, minus any rescissions and reductions for savings and slippages, as of the effective date of the agreement. The dollar amount to be included in the second blank should be that portion of available Section 595 Program funds for the applicable state that the district is projecting to be available for the project in this agreement, as of the effective date of the agreement. The
district, through the Project Coordination Team (Article V), shall work closely with each sponsor to plan execution of the project so that useful portions can be constructed as funds are made available. The sum of the amount of Federal funds made available for all the Section 595 agreements in the applicable state, including this one, plus the sum of Federal funds made available for overall management of the Section 595 Program allocated to the applicable state, cannot exceed the amount of Federal funds that have been appropriated for the Section 595 Program for the applicable state, minus any rescissions and reductions for savings and slippages, as of the effective date of the agreement, nor can it exceed the current Section 595 Program Limit for the applicable state, unless Congress has authorized an increase in the limit in Act language.

B. SECTION 595 PROGRAM LIMITS – Article II.E.3. - The Government will not issue work allowances for projects undertaken in any state pursuant to the Section 595 Program beyond the amount authorized to be appropriated in Section 595 for that state, currently $55,000,000 for Idaho, $25,000,000 for Montana, $150,000,000 for rural Nevada, $25,000,000 for New Mexico, $50,000,000 for rural Utah, and $30,000,000 for Wyoming.

C. SUSPENSION OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE – Article XIII.B. and Article XIII.C. - If the Government suspends its future performance responsibilities, including reimbursement, under the agreement pursuant to Article II.E.2. or Article XIV.C., the sponsor, at its sole discretion, may continue work on the project. However the sponsor should understand that if they continue to work on the project during the period of suspension of the Government’s performance responsibilities, such work performed must comply with the conditions of Article II.C. of the agreement to be eligible for inclusion in total project costs and any reimbursement of the Federal share of such work once the Government has resumed its performance responsibilities. If the Section 102 Limit compels the Government to suspend reimbursement, but funds are otherwise available, the Government’s performance of its other obligations will not be suspended.

13. COMPLETED PORTION OF THE PROJECT. – Because Section 595 authorizes the provision of design and construction assistance, the concept of functional portions of the project has been deleted. The district should use its best judgment to determine when construction of a portion of the project is complete so that the sponsor can commence its operation and maintenance responsibility.

14. ARTICLE II.L. - ADDITIONAL WORK. - The Government should not accept any requests for 1) acquisition of LER necessary for betterments, 2) performance of relocations necessary for betterments, or 3) obtaining permits necessary for the project.

15. ADDITIONAL ITEMS OF COOPERATION. - Include any additional paragraphs in the agreement necessary to reflect special requirements of non-Federal cooperation specified in the decision document upon which the agreement is based. Carefully review the items of non-Federal cooperation in the decision document to ensure that all items of cooperation are covered in the agreement. When including any additional items of cooperation in the agreement, name the responsible party then include the item of cooperation contained in the decision document. (Example: The Non-Federal Sponsor
shall ... Including the additional items of non-Federal cooperation in the agreement is not considered a deviation from the model unless additional language is required elsewhere in the agreement to further address the added item of cooperation.

16. GUIDANCE ON APPRAISALS. - See Chapter 12 of ER 405-1-12 for guidance on applicable rules including use of Federal versus State rules in preparing an appraisal.

17. ARTICLE VI.A. – BREAKDOWN OF PROJECT COSTS.

A. The costs shown in Article VI.A.1. should be the current estimate of the costs at current price levels and inflated through the estimated mid-point of construction.

B. To determine the reimbursement of the Federal share due to the sponsor in accordance with II.D.: Step (1) determine the Government’s share of total project costs; Step (2) subtract from the Government’s share of total project costs the amount of total project costs to be incurred by the Government; the difference is the reimbursement of the Federal share due to the sponsor that should be shown in the sixth blank in Article VI.A.1. Example:

- total project costs = $2,000,000
- total project costs to be incurred by the Government = $75,000
- total project costs to be incurred by the sponsor = $1,925,000

Step 1 - ($2,000,000 x .75) = $1,500,000 = Government’s share of total project costs
Step 2 - $1,500,000 - $75,000 = $1,425,000 = reimbursement due to sponsor

C. The blank in Article VI.A.2. should be filled in with the date (month, year) of the first quarterly report of costs to be provided to the sponsor.

18. ARTICLE VI.C. - FINAL ACCOUNTING.

A. When a final accounting cannot be conducted in a timely manner because of outstanding claims and appeals or eminent domain proceedings, an interim accounting should be conducted. The district should use its best judgment in determining whether to conduct an interim accounting or wait for final resolution of outstanding claims and appeals or eminent domain proceedings.

B. Nothing in the agreement, prevents any interim accountings from being conducted prior to the end of the period of design and construction.

19. TIMING OF FIRST REQUEST FOR SPONSOR’S FUNDS. – Insert the number of days (should be 60 or more). The last sentence of this paragraph states that the sponsor is required to provide the requested funds no later than 30 calendar days prior to the Government incurring any financial obligations for additional work. Therefore any number less than 60 will give the sponsor less than 30 days notice prior to when the funds must be provided to the Government.

20. LENGTH OF TIME TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FUNDS. – Insert the number of
days. The period of time should not exceed the time shown unless the District Engineer approves a longer period of time after determining that the longer period of time will not result in delays to the project (including contract modifications) or the Government using its funds to meet a shortfall in the sponsor’s funds. The district must determine the need for additional funds from the sponsor far enough ahead of time to permit the sponsor full use of the specified period of time. Neither party’s funds should be used to meet any shortfall in the other party’s funds.

21. INSPECTION OF COMPLETED WORKS. – Due to the wide variety of potential projects to be undertaken in the future pursuant to this authority, the district may want to inspect some completed projects during the O&M phase. While this inspection is not mandatory, the decision to perform any inspection should be based on the specifics of the project. Reminder: Article VIII.B. is not an optional paragraph. It must be included in all agreements regardless of the level of inspections proposed to be performed.

22. ARTICLE IX – HOLD AND SAVE. - Include the optional language after the colon only if optional Article XIX - Obligations of Future Appropriations (see note 26) is included in the agreement and the sponsor requests this optional language be added to Article IX of the agreement. In addition, if this language is included, delete the “The”. Reminder: The entire article is not optional as only the phrase shown in the brackets is optional.

23. ARTICLE XIV - HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES. – In accordance with paragraph A. of this Article, the sponsor is to perform or ensure performance of investigations to identify the existence and extent of any hazardous substances regulated under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) on lands, easements, and rights-of-way necessary for the project. It is Army policy that the sponsor either perform these investigations in-house or contract for their performance with a third party. The Government should not perform these investigations on behalf of the sponsor. However, as stated in this article, the Government performs, or instructs the sponsor to perform investigations required on lands, easements, and rights-of-way that are subject to navigation servitude. For additional explanation, refer to ER 1165-2-132.

24. ARTICLE XV - NOTICES. – Insert the full address of the sponsor and Government - including titles or office title/symbol of individuals to receive the notices. Do not include the name of the individual to receive the notices as it may change throughout the life of the agreement.

25. ARTICLE XVIII – THIRD PARTY RIGHTS, BENEFITS, OR LIABILITIES. – Article XVIII is optional and can be deleted if requested by the sponsor. If the article is deleted, renumber the remaining articles in the agreement and verify the references throughout the agreement to the remaining articles. In particular, if the article addressing Obligations of Future Appropriations is included in the agreement, and the sponsor requests the optional language in Article IX (see note 22) verify the reference contained in Article IX to the article addressing Obligations of Future Appropriations and correct, as necessary. Renumhering the remaining articles in the agreement and correction of all
references to the remaining articles are not considered a deviation from the model.

26. ARTICLE XIX – OBLIGATIONS OF FUTURE APPROPRIATIONS. - Include optional Article XIX in the agreement only if the sponsor requests this language and only after your District Counsel determines, in writing after review of information supporting the request from the sponsor, that the sponsor is a State agency or a political subdivision of the State that derives its funds for the project directly from appropriations and the sponsor has constitutional or statutory limitations prohibiting it from committing future appropriations. The information to be added in the first three blanks in Article XIX.A. should identify the body that makes the appropriations. (Example: Legislature of the State of Ohio or City Counsel of the City of Cleveland)

27. ARTICLE XIX.A. - ADDITIONAL RESTRICTION ON OBLIGATIONS OF FUTURE APPROPRIATIONS. - Include the optional language after the colon if requested by the sponsor. The information to be included in the blanks should provide more detailed information on the location of the obligation of future appropriations restriction. (Example: Section 7 of the City Charter of the City of Cleveland)

28. SPONSOR’S BUDGET CYCLE. - Choose Option (1) if the sponsor has a 1 year budget cycle or Option (2) if the sponsor has a 2 year budget cycle.

29. ARTICLE XX – TRIBAL SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY. – Include optional Article XX only if the sponsor is a Native American Tribe. The information to be included in the first and third blanks should be the name of the instrument (resolution, ordinance, etc) where the sponsor has waived sovereign immunity. The information to be included in the fourth blank should be the title of the sponsor’s representative (see note 6).

30. TITLE OF GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE. – Insert the title of the Government representative signing the agreement. Do not include the name, only the title. If the signature authority is delegated to the district, the phrase “District Engineer” should be used in this location. If the signature authority is not delegated, the title shown should match the title of the Government representative shown in the first paragraph (see note 4).

31. CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY. - The person signing the Certificate of Authority cannot be the signatory to the agreement. The person signing the Certificate of Authority is certifying that the signatory to the agreement has the authority to obligate the sponsor. Do not forget to fill in the name in the first line prior to execution of the agreement.

32. PREPARING AGREEMENT FOR SIGNATURE.

   A. When printing the agreement for execution: 1) remove the cover page, notes section, bold type references to notes, and any bold type text from the agreement; 2) ensure that the appropriate information has been included in all blanks in the agreement and the Certificate of Authority; 3) ensure that titles of articles are not the last thing at the bottom of the page; and 4) ensure that there are no page breaks which allow half empty pages. Reminder: Do not remove any of the italics from the agreement.
B. If the signature authority has been delegated to the District Engineer: 1) the title of the Government representative in the first paragraph (see note 4) should be “U.S. Army Engineer, _______ District”; 2) the title of the Government representative in the last paragraph (see note 30) should be “District Engineer”; and 3) since this is a civilian document use the civilian version of the District Engineer’s signature block.

C. If the signature authority is not delegated, the title in the first paragraph (see note 4) and last paragraph should match the title of the Government representative shown in the signature block.

D. Before signature by the Government representative, ensure that the sponsor signs and dates a minimum of four copies of the agreement, and Certification Regarding Lobbying, and that the Certificates of Authority are signed and dated by the appropriate people. The date on the first page should be filled in by the Government representative signing the agreement, not the sponsor.

E. The Government should retain two fully executed copies of the agreement. All other copies should be provided to the sponsor. A photocopy or a pdf file (as determined by the MSC and the appropriate HQ RIT) of the fully executed agreement should be provided to the MSC and to the appropriate HQ RIT within 14 days after execution of the agreement.
AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
AND
[FULL NAME OF NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR]
FOR
DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION
ASSISTANCE
FOR THE
[FULL NAME OF PROJECT]

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into this ________ day of ________, 20__, by and
between the Department of the Army (hereinafter the “Government”), represented by the [SEE
NOTE - 4] and [FULL NAME OF NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR] [SEE NOTE - 5]
(hereinafter the “Non-Federal Sponsor”), represented by [SEE NOTE - 6].

WITNESSETH, THAT:

WHEREAS, the Secretary of the Army is authorized to provide design and construction
assistance, which may be in the form of grants or reimbursements of the Federal share of project
costs, for water-related environmental infrastructure and resource protection and development
projects in Idaho, Montana, rural Nevada, New Mexico, rural Utah, and Wyoming (hereinafter
the “Section 595 Program”) pursuant to Section 595 of the Water Resources Development Act of
1999, Public Law 106-53, as amended (hereinafter “Section 595”);

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that the Secretary of the Army may provide assistance
for a water-related environmental infrastructure and resource protection and development project
only if the project is publicly owned;

[SEE NOTE - 7]

OPTION 1

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that $55,000,000 in Federal funds are authorized to be
appropriated for design and construction assistance for projects undertaken in Idaho pursuant to
the Section 595 Program;

OPTION 2

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that $25,000,000 in Federal funds are authorized to be
appropriated for design and construction assistance for projects undertaken in Montana pursuant
to the Section 595 Program;

OPTION 3
WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that $150,000,000 in Federal funds are authorized to be appropriated for design and construction assistance for projects undertaken in rural Nevada pursuant to the Section 595 Program;

OPTION 4

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that $25,000,000 in Federal funds are authorized to be appropriated for design and construction assistance for projects undertaken in New Mexico pursuant to the Section 595 Program;

OPTION 5

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that $50,000,000 in Federal funds are authorized to be appropriated for design and construction assistance for projects undertaken in rural Utah pursuant to the Section 595 Program;

OPTION 6

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that $30,000,000 in Federal funds are authorized to be appropriated for design and construction assistance for projects undertaken in Wyoming pursuant to the Section 595 Program;

WHEREAS, the U.S. Army Engineer, District (hereinafter the “District Engineer”) has determined that [FULL NAME OF THE PROJECT] in [SPECIFIC LOCATION OF THE PROJECT, INCLUDING COUNTY & STATE] (hereinafter the “Project”, as defined in Article I.A. of this Agreement) is eligible for implementation under Section 595;

WHEREAS, Section 595 provides that the Secretary of the Army shall not provide assistance for any water-related environmental infrastructure and resource protection and development projects until each non-Federal sponsor has entered into a written agreement to furnish its required cooperation for the project;

WHEREAS, Section 595 specifies the cost-sharing requirements applicable to the Project [SEE NOTE – 8: including that the Secretary of the Army shall afford credit for the reasonable costs of design completed by the non-Federal interest before entering into a written agreement with the Secretary];

WHEREAS, Section 102 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act, 2006, Public Law 109-103, provides that credits and reimbursements afforded for all applicable general authorities and under specific project authority shall not exceed $100,000,000 for all applicable programs and projects in each fiscal year;

WHEREAS, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor desire to enter into an agreement (hereinafter the “Agreement”) for the provision of design and construction assistance
for the Project;

WHEREAS, the Government and Non-Federal Sponsor have the full authority and capability to perform as hereinafter set forth and intend to cooperate in cost-sharing and financing of the Project in accordance with the terms of this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor, in connection with this Agreement, desire to foster a partnering strategy and a working relationship between the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor through a mutually developed formal strategy of commitment and communication embodied herein, which creates an environment where trust and teamwork prevent disputes, foster a cooperative bond between the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor, and facilitate the successful implementation of the Project.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor agree as follows:

ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS

[SEE NOTE - 9]

A. The term “Project” shall mean _______ in ________ as generally described in the [FULL TITLE OF DECISION DOCUMENT], dated ________, ___ and approved by _________ on ________, ___.

B. The term “total project costs” shall mean the sum of all costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government in accordance with the terms of this Agreement that the District Engineer determines are directly related to design and construction of the Project. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement including audits conducted in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine the reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of such costs, the term shall include, but is not necessarily limited to: [SEE NOTE - 8: the costs of the Non-Federal Sponsor’s pre-Agreement design work determined in accordance with Article II.N. of this Agreement;] the Non-Federal Sponsor’s design costs incurred after the effective date of this Agreement; the Government’s costs of review in accordance with Article II.A.1. of this Agreement; the Government’s costs of preparation of environmental compliance documentation in accordance with Article II.A.2. of this Agreement; the Government’s costs of inspection in accordance with Article II.A.6. of this Agreement; the Government’s costs of technical assistance in accordance with Article II.A.1. and Article II.A.6. of this Agreement; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s and the Government’s costs of investigations to identify the existence and extent of hazardous substances in accordance with Article XIV.A.1. and Article XIV.A.2. of this Agreement; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s and the Government’s costs of historic preservation activities in accordance with Article XVII.A. and Article XVII.B. of this Agreement; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s construction costs; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s supervision and administration costs; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s costs of identification of legal and institutional structures in accordance with Article II.J. of this Agreement not incurred pursuant to any other agreement for the Project; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s and the Government’s costs of participation in the
Project Coordination Team in accordance with Article V of this Agreement; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s costs of contract dispute settlements or awards; the value of lands, easements, rights-of-way, relocations, and permit costs determined in accordance with Article IV of this Agreement but not to exceed 25 percent of total project costs; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s and the Government’s costs of audit in accordance with Article X.B. and Article X.C. of this Agreement; and any other costs incurred by the Government pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement. The term does not include any costs of activities performed under any other agreement for the Project; any costs for operation, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of the Project; any costs of establishment and maintenance of legal and institutional structures in accordance with Article II.J. of this Agreement; any costs of betterments; any costs incurred in advertising and awarding any construction contracts prior to the effective date of this Agreement; any construction costs incurred prior to the effective date of this Agreement; any interest penalty paid in accordance with Article VI.B.4. of this Agreement; any costs of dispute resolution under Article VII of this Agreement; the Government’s costs for data recovery activities in accordance with Article XVII.D. and Article XVII.E. of this Agreement; or the Non-Federal Sponsor’s costs of negotiating this Agreement.

C. The term “period of design and construction” shall mean the time from the effective date of this Agreement to the date that construction of the Project is complete, as determined by the Government, or the date that this Agreement is terminated in accordance with Article II.E. or Article XIII or Article XIV.C. of this Agreement, whichever is earlier.

D. The term “highway” shall mean any highway, roadway, street, or way, including any bridge thereof, that is owned by a public entity.

E. The term “relocation” shall mean providing a functionally equivalent facility to the owner of a utility, cemetery, highway, railroad, or public facility when such action is authorized in accordance with applicable legal principles of just compensation. Providing a functionally equivalent facility may take the form of alteration, lowering, raising, or replacement and attendant demolition of the affected facility or part thereof.

[SEE NOTE - 10]

F. The term “betterment” shall mean a difference in the design or construction of an element of the Project that results from the application of standards that the Government determines exceed those that the Government would otherwise apply to the design or construction of that element. The term does not include any design or construction for features not included in the Project as defined in paragraph A. of this Article.

G. The term “fiscal year” shall mean one year beginning on October 1 and ending on September 30.

H. The term “Federal program funds” shall mean funds provided by a Federal agency, other than the Department of the Army, plus any non-Federal contribution required as a matching share therefor.
I. The term "sufficient invoice" shall mean submission of all of the following three items: (1) a written certification by the Non-Federal Sponsor to the Government that it has made specified payments to contractors, suppliers, or employees for performance of work in accordance with this Agreement, or a written certification by the Non-Federal Sponsor to the Government that it has received bills from contractors, suppliers, or employees for performance of work in accordance with this Agreement; (2) copies of all relevant invoices and evidence of such payments or bills received; and (3) a written request for reimbursement for the amount of such specified payments or bills received that identifies those costs that have been paid or will be paid with Federal program funds.

[SEE NOTE - 7]

OPTION 1

J. The term "Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho" shall mean the amount of Federal funds authorized to be appropriated for projects undertaken in Idaho pursuant to the Section 595 Program. As of the effective date of this Agreement, such amount is $55,000,000.

OPTION 2

J. The term "Section 595 Program Limit for Montana" shall mean the amount of Federal funds authorized to be appropriated for projects undertaken in Montana pursuant to the Section 595 Program. As of the effective date of this Agreement, such amount is $25,000,000.

OPTION 3

J. The term "Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada" shall mean the amount of Federal funds authorized to be appropriated for projects undertaken in rural Nevada pursuant to the Section 595 Program. As of the effective date of this Agreement, such amount is $150,000,000.

OPTION 4

J. The term "Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico" shall mean the amount of Federal funds authorized to be appropriated for projects undertaken in New Mexico pursuant to the Section 595 Program. As of the effective date of this Agreement, such amount is $25,000,000.

OPTION 5

J. The term "Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah" shall mean the amount of Federal funds authorized to be appropriated for projects undertaken in rural Utah pursuant to the Section 595 Program. As of the effective date of this Agreement, such amount is $50,000,000.

OPTION 6
J. The term "Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming" shall mean the amount of Federal funds authorized to be appropriated for projects undertaken in Wyoming pursuant to the Section 595 Program. As of the effective date of this Agreement, such amount is $30,000,000.

K. The term "Section 102 Limit" shall mean the annual limit on credits and reimbursements imposed by Section 102 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act, 2006, Public Law 109-103.

[SEE NOTE - 8]

L. The term "pre-Agreement design work" shall mean the work performed prior to the effective date of this Agreement by the Non-Federal Sponsor that is directly related to design of the Project and that was not performed pursuant to any other agreement for the Project.

ARTICLE II - OBLIGATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT AND THE NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR

A. Using its funds, the Non-Federal Sponsor expeditiously shall design and construct the Project in accordance with Federal laws, regulations, and policies.

1. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall require all contractors to whom it awards design contracts to provide 30 percent and 100 percent design information to enable in-progress review of the design. The Government may participate in the review of the design at each stage of completion and may provide technical assistance to the Non-Federal Sponsor on an as-needed basis until the end of the period of design and construction. The Government shall perform a final review to verify that the design is complete and is necessary for the Project. Upon completion of design, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall furnish the District Engineer with copies of the completed design.

2. Using information developed by the Non-Federal Sponsor, the Government shall develop and coordinate as required, an Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact or an Environmental Impact Statement and Record of Decision, as necessary, to inform the public regarding the environmental impacts of the Project in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (hereinafter "NEPA"). The Non-Federal Sponsor shall not issue the solicitation for the first construction contract for the Project or commence construction of the Project using the Non-Federal Sponsor's own forces until all applicable environmental laws and regulations have been complied with, including, but not limited to NEPA and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341).

3. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall obtain all permits and licenses necessary for the design and construction of the Project and, in the exercise of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, shall comply with all applicable Federal, state, and local laws, regulations, ordinances, and policies including the laws and regulations specified in Article XI of this Agreement. As necessary to ensure compliance with such laws, regulations, ordinances, and
policies, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall include appropriate provisions in its contracts for the
design and construction of the Project.

4. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall afford the Government the opportunity to
review and comment on the solicitations for all contracts for the Project, including relevant plans
and specifications, prior to the Non-Federal Sponsor's issuance of such solicitations. To the
extent possible, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall afford the Government the opportunity to review
and comment on all proposed contract modifications, including change orders. In any instance
where providing the Government with notification of a contract modification is not possible prior
to execution of the contract modification, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide such
notification in writing at the earliest date possible. To the extent possible, the Non-Federal
Sponsor also shall afford the Government the opportunity to review and comment on all contract
claims prior to resolution thereof. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall consider in good faith the
comments of the Government, but the contents of solicitations, award of contracts or
commencement of design or construction using the Non-Federal Sponsor's own forces,
execution of contract modifications, resolution of contract claims, and performance of all work
on the Project shall be exclusively within the control of the Non-Federal Sponsor.

5. At the time the Non-Federal Sponsor furnishes a contractor with a notice of
acceptance of completed work for each contract for the Project, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall
furnish a copy thereof to the Government.

6. The Government may perform periodic inspections to verify the progress of
construction and that the work is being performed in a satisfactory manner. In addition, the
Government may provide technical assistance to the Non-Federal Sponsor on an as-needed basis
until the end of the period of design and construction. Further, the Government shall perform a
final inspection to verify the completion of construction of the entire Project or completed
portion thereof as the case may be. The Non-Federal Sponsor hereby gives the Government a
right to enter, at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner, upon property that the Non-
Federal Sponsor now or hereafter owns or controls for the purpose of performing such
inspections.

B. In accordance with Article III of this Agreement, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall
provide all lands, easements, and rights-of-way, including those required for relocations, the
borrowing of material, and the disposal of dredged or excavated material, and shall perform or
ensure performance of all relocations that the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly
determine to be required or to be necessary for construction, operation, and maintenance of the
Project. In addition, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall obtain all permits necessary for construction,
operation, and maintenance of the Project on publicly owned or controlled lands.

C. The Government shall determine and include in total project costs any costs incurred
by the Non-Federal Sponsor that the District Engineer determines are directly related to design
and construction of the Project, subject to the conditions and limitations of this paragraph.
1. Pursuant to paragraph A.6. of this Article, all work performed by the Non-Federal Sponsor for the Project is subject to on-site inspection and determination by the Government that the work was accomplished in a satisfactory manner and is suitable for inclusion in the Project.

2. The Non-Federal Sponsor's costs for design and construction that may be eligible for inclusion in total project costs shall be subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine the reasonableness, allocability and allowability of such costs.

3. No costs shall be included in total project costs for any construction of the Project that was performed prior to compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations, including, but not limited to NEPA and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1341).

4. In the performance of all work for the Project, the Non-Federal Sponsor must comply with applicable Federal labor laws covering non-Federal construction, including, but not limited to, 40 U.S.C. 3141-3148 and 40 U.S.C. 3701-3708 (revising, codifying and enacting without substantive change the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276a et seq.), the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 327 et seq.) and the Copeland Anti-Kickback Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276c)). Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, inclusion of costs for construction in total project costs may be withheld, in whole or in part, as a result of the Non-Federal Sponsor's failure to comply with its obligations under these laws.

5. The Non-Federal Sponsor's costs for design and construction that may be eligible for inclusion in total project costs pursuant to this Agreement are not subject to interest charges, nor are they subject to adjustment to reflect changes in price levels between the time the work is completed and the time the costs are included in total project costs.

6. The Government shall not include in total project costs any costs paid by the Non-Federal Sponsor using Federal program funds unless the Federal agency providing the Federal portion of such funds verifies in writing that expenditure of such funds for such purpose is expressly authorized by Federal law.

[SEE NOTE - 11]

D. The Government shall reimburse the Non-Federal Sponsor, in accordance with Article VI.B. of this Agreement, the amount necessary so that the Federal contribution towards total project costs equals 75 percent; however, any reimbursement by the Government is subject to the availability of funds and is limited by the [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho. (2) Section 595 Program Limit for Montana. (3) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada. (4) Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico. (5) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah. (6) Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming.]

[SEE NOTE - 12]
E. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, Federal financial participation in the Project is limited by the following provisions of this paragraph.

1. As of the effective date of this Agreement, $_______ of Federal funds have been provided by the Congress of the United States (hereinafter the “Congress”) for the Section 595 Program in [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Idaho (2) Montana (3) rural Nevada (4) New Mexico (5) rural Utah (6) Wyoming] of which $_______ is currently projected to be available for the Project. The Government makes no commitment to request Congress to provide additional Federal funds for the Section 595 Program in [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Idaho (2) Montana (3) rural Nevada (4) New Mexico (5) rural Utah (6) Wyoming] or the Project. Further, the Government’s financial participation in the Project is limited to the Federal funds that the Government makes available to the Project.

2. In the event the Government projects that the amount of Federal funds the Government will make available to the Project through the then-current fiscal year, or the amount of Federal funds the Government will make available for the Project through the upcoming fiscal year, is not sufficient to meet the Federal share of total project costs and the Federal share of costs for data recovery activities in accordance with Article XVII.D. and Article XVII.E. of this Agreement that the Government projects to be incurred through the then-current or upcoming fiscal year, as applicable, the Government shall notify the Non-Federal Sponsor in writing of such insufficiency of funds and of the date the Government projects that the Federal funds that will have been made available to the Project will be exhausted. Upon the exhaustion of Federal funds made available by the Government to the Project, the Government’s future performance under this Agreement shall be suspended and the parties shall proceed in accordance with Article XIII.B. of this Agreement. However, if the Government cannot make available sufficient Federal funds to meet the Federal share of total project costs in the then-current fiscal year solely due to the Section 102 Limit, only the Government’s future performance related to reimbursement pursuant to paragraph D. of this Article shall be suspended.

3. If the Government determines that the total amount of Federal funds provided by Congress for the Section 595 Program in [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Idaho (2) Montana (3) rural Nevada (4) New Mexico (5) rural Utah (6) Wyoming] has reached the [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho, (2) Section 595 Program Limit for Montana, (3) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada, (4) Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico, (5) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah, (6) Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming,] and the Government projects that the Federal funds the Government will make available to the Project within the [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho (2) Section 595 Program Limit for Montana (3) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada (4) Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico (5) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah (6) Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming] will not be sufficient to meet the Federal share of total project costs and the Federal share of costs for data recovery activities in accordance with Article XVII.D. and Article XVII.E. of this Agreement, the Government shall notify the Non-Federal Sponsor in writing of such insufficiency of funds and of the date the
Government projects that the Federal funds that will have been made available to the Project will be exhausted. Upon the exhaustion of Federal funds made available by the Government to the Project within the [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho, (2) Section 595 Program Limit for Montana, (3) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada, (4) Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico, (5) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah, (6) Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming] the parties shall terminate this Agreement and proceed in accordance with Article XIII of this Agreement.

F. During the period of design and construction, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall prepare and furnish to the Government for review a proposed Operation, Maintenance, Repair, Rehabilitation and Replacement Manual (hereinafter the “OMRR&R Manual”). The failure of the Non-Federal Sponsor to prepare an OMRR&R Manual acceptable to the Government shall not relieve the Non-Federal Sponsor of its responsibilities for operation, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and replacement of the entire completed Project, or any completed portion thereof as the case may be, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

[SEE NOTE - 13]

G. Upon completion of construction and final inspection by the Government in accordance with paragraph A.6. of this Article, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall operate, maintain, repair, rehabilitate, and replace the entire Project, or a completed portion thereof as the case may be, in accordance with Article VIII of this Agreement. Further, after completion of all contracts for the Project, copies of all of the Non-Federal Sponsor’s Written Notices of Acceptance of Completed Work for all contracts for the Project that have not been provided previously shall be provided to the Government.

H. Upon conclusion of the period of design and construction, the Government shall conduct an accounting, in accordance with Article VI.C. of this Agreement, and furnish the results to the Non-Federal Sponsor.

I. The Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government, in consultation with appropriate Federal and State officials, shall develop a facilities or resource protection and development plan. Such plan shall include necessary design, completion of all necessary NEPA compliance, preparation of appropriate engineering plans and specifications, preparation of an OMRR&R Manual, and any other matters related to design and construction of the Project in accordance with this Agreement.

J. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall identify, establish, and maintain such legal and institutional structures as are necessary to ensure the effective long-term operation of the Project. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide to the Government a description of such legal and institutional structures and such descriptions shall be included in the OMRR&R Manual prepared by the Non-Federal Sponsor. The Non-Federal Sponsor’s costs of identification of such legal and institutional structures shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs. The Government shall have no obligation under this Agreement for any costs of establishment and maintenance of
such legal and institutional structures.

K. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall not use Federal program funds to meet any of its obligations for the Project under this Agreement unless the Federal agency providing the Federal portion of such funds verifies in writing that expenditure of such funds for such purpose is expressly authorized by Federal law.

[SEE NOTE - 14]

L. The Non-Federal Sponsor may request the Government to acquire lands, easements, or rights-of-way or to perform relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor. Such requests shall be in writing and shall describe the services requested to be performed or provided. If in its sole discretion the Government elects to perform or provide the requested services or any portion thereof, it shall so notify the Non-Federal Sponsor in a writing that sets forth any applicable terms and conditions, which must be consistent with this Agreement. In the event of conflict between such a writing and this Agreement, this Agreement shall control. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall be solely responsible for all costs of the services performed or provided by the Government under this paragraph and shall pay all such costs in accordance with Article VI.D. of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations by the Government, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall be responsible, as between the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor, for any costs of cleanup and response in accordance with Article XIV.C. of this Agreement.

M. In the event that the Non-Federal Sponsor elects to include betterments in the design or construction of the Project during the period of design and construction, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall notify the Government in writing and describe the betterments it intends to design and construct. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall be solely responsible for all costs due to betterments, including costs associated with obtaining permits therefor, and shall pay all such costs without reimbursement by the Government.

[SEE NOTE - 8]

N. The Government shall determine and include in total project costs the reasonable costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor for pre-Agreement design work, subject to the conditions and limitations of this paragraph, that have not been incurred pursuant to any other agreement for the Project. The Non-Federal Sponsor in a timely manner shall provide the Government with such documents as are sufficient to enable the Government to determine the amount of costs to be included in total project costs for pre-Agreement design work.

1. Pre-Agreement design work shall be subject to a review by the Government to verify that the work was accomplished in a satisfactory manner and is necessary for the Project.

2. Where the Non-Federal Sponsor's cost for completed pre-Agreement design work is expressed as fixed costs plus a percentage of construction costs, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall renegotiate such costs with its Architect-Engineer based on actual costs.
3. The Non-Federal Sponsor’s costs for pre-Agreement design work that may be eligible for inclusion in total project costs shall be subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine the reasonableness, allocability and allowability of such costs.

4. The Non-Federal Sponsor’s costs for pre-Agreement design work that may be eligible for inclusion in total project costs pursuant to this paragraph are not subject to interest charges, nor are they subject to adjustment to reflect changes in price levels between the time the pre-Agreement design work was completed and the time the costs are included in total project costs.

5. The Government shall not include in total project costs any costs for pre-Agreement design work paid by the Non-Federal Sponsor using Federal program funds unless the Federal agency providing the Federal portion of such funds verifies in writing that expenditure of such funds for such purpose is expressly authorized by Federal law.

[SEE NOTE - 15]

ARTICLE III - LANDS, EASEMENTS, RIGHTS-OF-WAY, RELOCATIONS, AND COMPLIANCE WITH PUBLIC LAW 91-646, AS AMENDED

A. The Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly shall determine the lands, easements, and rights-of-way required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, including those required for relocations, the borrowing of material, and the disposal of dredged or excavated material. Upon reaching such determination, the Government shall provide written confirmation to the Non-Federal Sponsor thereof including a description of the lands, easements, and rights-of-way jointly determined to be required. Prior to the issuance of the solicitation for each contract for construction of the Project, or prior to the Non-Federal Sponsor incurring any financial obligations for construction of a portion of the Project using the Non-Federal Sponsor’s own forces, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall acquire all lands, easements, and rights-of-way the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine the Non-Federal Sponsor must provide for that work and shall certify in writing to the Government that said interests have been acquired. Furthermore, prior to the end of the period of design and construction, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall acquire all lands, easements, and rights-of-way required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall ensure that lands, easements, and rights-of-way required for the Project and that were provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor are retained in public ownership for uses compatible with the authorized purposes of the Project.

B. The Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly shall determine the relocations necessary for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, including those necessary to enable the borrowing of material or the disposal of dredged or excavated material. Upon reaching such determination, the Government shall provide written confirmation to the Non-Federal Sponsor thereof including a description of the relocations jointly determined to be
necessary. Prior to the issuance of the solicitation for each contract for construction of the Project, or prior to the Non-Federal Sponsor incurring any financial obligations for construction of a portion of the Project using the Non-Federal Sponsor’s own forces, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall prepare or ensure the preparation of plans and specifications for, and perform or ensure the performance of, all relocations the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine to be necessary for that work and certify in writing to the Government that said work has been performed. Furthermore, prior to the end of the period of design and construction, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall perform or ensure performance of all relocations necessary for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project.

C. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, Public Law 91-646, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4601-4655), and the Uniform Regulations contained in 49 C.F.R. Part 24, in acquiring lands, easements, and rights-of-way required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, including those required for relocations, the borrowing of material, or the disposal of dredged or excavated material, and shall inform all affected persons of applicable benefits, policies, and procedures in connection with said Act.

ARTICLE IV - VALUE OF LANDS, EASEMENTS, RIGHTS-OF-WAY, AND RELOCATIONS AND COSTS OF PERMITS

A. The Government shall include in total project costs the value of the lands, easements, and rights-of-way that the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine must be provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor pursuant to Article III.A. of this Agreement and the value of the relocations that the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine must be performed by the Non-Federal Sponsor or for which it must ensure performance pursuant to Article III.B. of this Agreement. The Government also shall include in total project costs the reasonable costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor that are associated with obtaining permits pursuant to Article II.B. of this Agreement that are necessary for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project on publicly owned or controlled lands. However, the Government shall not include in total project costs the value of any lands, easements, rights-of-way, or relocations that have been provided previously as an item of cooperation for another Federal project. Further, the Government shall not include in total project costs the value of lands, easements, rights-of-way, or relocations that were acquired or performed using Federal program funds or the costs of obtaining permits paid using Federal program funds unless the Federal agency providing the Federal portion of such funds verifies in writing that reimbursement for the value and costs of such items is expressly authorized by Federal law. Finally, no value or costs of such items shall be included in total project costs pursuant to this Article, and no reimbursement shall be provided to the Non-Federal Sponsor, for any value or costs in excess of 25 percent of total project costs.

B. The Non-Federal Sponsor in a timely manner shall provide the Government with such documents as are sufficient to enable the Government to determine the value of any contribution provided pursuant to Article III.A. or Article III.B. of this Agreement and to determine the reasonable costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor that are associated with obtaining permits
pursuant to Article II.B. of this Agreement. Upon receipt of such documents, the Government in a timely manner shall determine the value of such contributions and the reasonable costs for obtaining such permits and include in total project costs the amount of such value and costs that does not exceed 25 percent of total project costs.

C. For the sole purpose of determining the value to be included in total project costs in accordance with this Agreement and except as otherwise provided in paragraph E. of this Article, the value of lands, easements, and rights-of-way, including those required for relocations, the borrowing of material, and the disposal of dredged or excavated material, shall be the fair market value of the real property interests, plus certain incidental costs of acquiring those interests, as determined in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

1. Date of Valuation. The fair market value of lands, easements, or rights-of-way owned by the Non-Federal Sponsor on the effective date of this Agreement shall be the fair market value of such real property interests as of the date the Non-Federal Sponsor awards the first construction contract for the Project, or, if the Non-Federal Sponsor performs the construction using its own forces, the date that the Non-Federal Sponsor begins construction of the Project. The fair market value of lands, easements, or rights-of-way acquired by the Non-Federal Sponsor after the effective date of this Agreement shall be the fair market value of such real property interests at the time the interests are acquired.

2. General Valuation Procedure. Except as provided in paragraph C.3. or paragraph C.5. of this Article, the fair market value of lands, easements, or rights-of-way shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

a. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall obtain, for each real property interest, an appraisal that is prepared by a qualified appraiser who is acceptable to the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide a copy of each appraisal to the Government. The appraisal must be prepared in accordance with the applicable rules of just compensation, as specified by the Government. [SEE NOTE - 16] The fair market value shall be the amount set forth in the Non-Federal Sponsor’s appraisal, if such appraisal is approved by the Government. In the event the Government does not approve the Non-Federal Sponsor’s appraisal, the Non-Federal Sponsor may obtain a second appraisal, and the fair market value shall be the amount set forth in the Non-Federal Sponsor’s second appraisal, if such appraisal is approved by the Government. In the event the Government does not approve the Non-Federal Sponsor’s second appraisal, the Non-Federal Sponsor chooses not to obtain a second appraisal, or the Non-Federal Sponsor does not provide the first appraisal as required in this paragraph, the Government shall obtain an appraisal, and the fair market value shall be the amount set forth in the Government’s appraisal, if such appraisal is approved by the Non-Federal Sponsor. In the event the Non-Federal Sponsor does not approve the Government’s appraisal, the Government, after consultation with the Non-Federal Sponsor, shall consider the Government’s and the Non-Federal Sponsor’s appraisals and determine an amount based thereon, which shall be deemed to be the fair market value.

b. Where the amount paid or proposed to be paid by the Non-Federal
Sponsor for the real property interest exceeds the amount determined pursuant to paragraph C.2.a. of this Article, the Government, at the request of the Non-Federal Sponsor, shall consider all factors relevant to determining fair market value and, in its sole discretion, after consultation with the Non-Federal Sponsor, may approve in writing an amount greater than the amount determined pursuant to paragraph C.2.a. of this Article, but not to exceed the amount actually paid or proposed to be paid. If the Government approves such an amount, the fair market value shall be the lesser of the approved amount or the amount paid by the Non-Federal Sponsor, but no less than the amount determined pursuant to paragraph C.2.a. of this Article.

3. **Eminent Domain Valuation Procedure.** For lands, easements, or rights-of-way acquired by eminent domain proceedings instituted after the effective date of this Agreement, the Non-Federal Sponsor, prior to instituting such proceedings, shall submit to the Government notification in writing of its intent to institute such proceedings and an appraisal of the specific real property interests to be acquired in such proceedings. The Government shall have 60 calendar days after receipt of such a notice and appraisal within which to review the appraisal, if not previously approved by the Government in writing.

   a. If the Government previously has approved the appraisal in writing, or if the Government provides written approval of, or takes no action on, the appraisal within such 60 day period, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall use the amount set forth in such appraisal as the estimate of just compensation for the purpose of instituting the eminent domain proceeding.

   b. If the Government provides written disapproval of the appraisal, including the reasons for disapproval, within such 60 day period, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor shall consult in good faith to promptly resolve the issues or areas of disagreement that are identified in the Government’s written disapproval. If, after such good faith consultation, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor agree as to an appropriate amount, then the Non-Federal Sponsor shall use that amount as the estimate of just compensation for the purpose of instituting the eminent domain proceeding. If, after such good faith consultation, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor cannot agree as to an appropriate amount, then the Non-Federal Sponsor may use the amount set forth in its appraisal as the estimate of just compensation for the purpose of instituting the eminent domain proceeding.

   c. For lands, easements, or rights-of-way acquired by eminent domain proceedings instituted in accordance with paragraph C.3. of this Article, fair market value shall be either the amount of the court award for the real property interests taken, to the extent the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determined such interests are required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, or the amount of any stipulated settlement or portion thereof that the Government approves in writing.

4. **Incidental Costs.** For lands, easements, or rights-of-way acquired by the Non-Federal Sponsor within a five year period preceding the effective date of this Agreement, or at any time after the effective date of this Agreement, the value of the interest shall include the documented incidental costs of acquiring the interest, as determined by the Government, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness,
allocability, and allowability of costs. Such incidental costs shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, closing and title costs, appraisal costs, survey costs, attorney’s fees, plat maps, mapping costs, actual amounts expended for payment of any relocation assistance benefits provided in accordance with Article III.C. of this Agreement, and other payments by the Non-Federal Sponsor for items that are generally recognized as compensable, and required to be paid, by applicable state law due to the acquisition of a real property interest in accordance with Article III of this Agreement. The value of the interests provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor in accordance with Article III.A. of this Agreement shall also include the documented costs of obtaining appraisals prepared for review by the Government pursuant to paragraph C.2.a. of this Article subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs.

5. Waiver of Appraisal. Except as required by paragraph C.3. of this Article, the Government may waive the requirement for an appraisal pursuant to this paragraph if it determines that an appraisal is unnecessary because the valuation is uncomplicated and that the estimated fair market value of the real property interest is $10,000 or less based upon a review of available data. In such event, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor must agree in writing to the value of such real property interest in an amount not in excess of $10,000.

D. After consultation with the Non-Federal Sponsor, the Government shall determine the value of relocations in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

1. For a relocation other than a highway, the value shall be only that portion of relocation costs that the Government determines is necessary to provide a functionally equivalent facility, reduced by depreciation, as applicable, and by the salvage value of any removed items.

2. For a relocation of a highway, the value shall be only that portion of relocation costs that would be necessary to accomplish the relocation in accordance with the design standard that the State of [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Idaho (2) Montana (3) Nevada (4) New Mexico (5) Utah (6) Wyoming] would apply under similar conditions of geography and traffic load, reduced by the salvage value of any removed items.

3. Relocation costs shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, actual costs of performing the relocation; planning, engineering and design costs; supervision and administration costs; and documented incidental costs associated with performance of the relocation, as determined by the Government. Relocation costs shall not include any costs due to betterments, as determined by the Government, nor any additional cost of using new material when suitable used material is available. Relocation costs shall be subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs.

4. The value to be included in total project costs for relocations performed within the Project boundaries is subject to satisfactory compliance with applicable Federal labor laws covering non-Federal construction, including, but not limited to, 40 U.S.C. 3141-3148 and 40 U.S.C. 3701-3708 (revising, codifying and enacting without substantive change the provisions of
the Davis-Bacon Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276a et seq.), the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 327 et seq.) and the Copeland Anti-Kickback Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276c)). Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, inclusion of the value of relocations in total project costs may be denied, in whole or in part, as a result of the Non-Federal Sponsor’s failure to comply with its obligations under these laws.

E. Where the Government, on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor pursuant to Article II.L. of this Agreement, acquires lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performs relocations, the value to be included in total project costs in accordance with this Agreement shall be the costs of such work performed or provided by the Government that are paid by the Non-Federal Sponsor in accordance with Article VI.D. of this Agreement. In addition, the value to be included in total project costs in accordance with this Agreement shall include the documented costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor in accordance with the terms and conditions agreed upon in writing pursuant to Article II.L. of this Agreement subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs.

F. The Government shall include in total project costs the reasonable costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor pursuant to Article II.B. of this Agreement that are associated with obtaining permits necessary for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project on publicly owned or controlled lands, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs.

ARTICLE V - PROJECT COORDINATION TEAM

A. To provide for consistent and effective communication, the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government, not later than 30 calendar days after the effective date of this Agreement, shall appoint named senior representatives to a Project Coordination Team. Thereafter, the Project Coordination Team shall meet regularly until the end of the period of design and construction. The Government’s Project Manager and a counterpart named by the Non-Federal Sponsor shall co-chair the Project Coordination Team.

B. The Government’s Project Manager and the Non-Federal Sponsor’s counterpart shall keep the Project Coordination Team informed of the progress of design and construction and of significant pending issues and actions, and shall seek the views of the Project Coordination Team on matters that the Project Coordination Team generally oversees.

C. Until the end of the period of design and construction, the Project Coordination Team shall generally oversee the Project, including matters related to: design; completion of all necessary NEPA coordination; plans and specifications; scheduling; real property and relocation requirements; real property acquisition; contract awards and modifications; contract costs; the application of and compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3141-3148 and 40 U.S.C. 3701-3708 (revising, codifying and enacting without substantive change the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276a et seq.), the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 327 et seq.,) and the Copeland Anti-Kickback Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276c)) for
relocations and the construction portion of the Project; the investigations to identify the existence and extent of hazardous substances in accordance with Article XIV.A of this Agreement; historic preservation activities in accordance with Article XVII of this Agreement; the Government's cost projections; final inspection of the entire Project or completed portions thereof as the case may be; preparation of the proposed OMRR&R Manual; anticipated requirements and needed capabilities for performance of operation, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and replacement of the Project including issuance of permits; and other matters related to the Project. This oversight of the Project shall be consistent with a project management plan developed by the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor.

D. The Project Coordination Team may make recommendations to the Non-Federal Sponsor on matters related to the Project that the Project Coordination Team generally oversees, including suggestions to avoid potential sources of dispute. The Non-Federal Sponsor in good faith shall consider the recommendations of the Project Coordination Team. The Non-Federal Sponsor, having the legal authority and responsibility for design and construction of the Project, has the discretion to accept or reject, in whole or in part, the Project Coordination Team's recommendations except as otherwise required by the provisions of this Agreement, including compliance with applicable Federal, State, or local laws or regulations.

E. The Non-Federal Sponsor's costs of participation in the Project Coordination Team shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs. The Government's costs of participation in the Project Coordination Team shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

ARTICLE VI - METHOD OF PAYMENT

[SEE NOTE - 17]

A. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide the Government with such documents as are sufficient to enable the Government to maintain current records and provide to the Non-Federal Sponsor current projections of costs, financial obligations, contributions provided by the parties, the value included in total project costs of lands, easements, rights-of-way, relocations, and permit costs determined in accordance with Article IV of this Agreement [SEE NOTE - 8], and the costs included in total project costs for the pre-Agreement design work determined in accordance with Article II.N. of this Agreement.

1. As of the effective date of this Agreement, total project costs are projected to be $_________; the Government's share of total project costs is projected to be $_________; the Non-Federal Sponsor's share of total project costs is projected to be $_________; total project costs to be incurred by the Government are projected to be $_________; total project costs to be incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor are projected to be $_________; total reimbursements in accordance with paragraph B.2. of this Article are projected to be $_________; the value included
in total project costs of lands, easements, rights-of-way, relocations, and permit costs determined in accordance with Article IV of this Agreement is projected to be $\ldots$; [SEE NOTE - 8: the costs included in total project costs for the pre-Agreement design work determined in accordance with Article II.N. of this Agreement are projected to be $\ldots$]; the Government’s share of financial obligations for data recovery activities pursuant to Article XVII.E. of this Agreement is projected to be $\ldots$; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s share of financial obligations for data recovery activities pursuant to Article XVII.E. of this Agreement is projected to be $\ldots$; and the Government’s total financial obligations to be incurred for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Non-Federal Sponsor’s contribution of funds for such obligations required by Article II.L. of this Agreement are projected to be $\ldots$

These amounts are estimates subject to adjustment by the Government, after consultation with the Non-Federal Sponsor, and are not to be construed as the total financial responsibilities of the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor.

2. By $\ldots$ and by each quarterly anniversary thereof until the conclusion of the period of design and construction and resolution of all relevant claims and appeals and eminent domain proceedings, the Government shall provide the Non-Federal Sponsor with a report setting forth all contributions provided to date and the current projections of the following: total project costs; the Government’s share of total project costs; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s share of total project costs; total project costs incurred by the Government; total project costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor; total reimbursements paid to the Non-Federal Sponsor; the value included in total project costs of lands, easements, rights-of-way, relocations, and permit costs determined in accordance with Article IV of this Agreement; [SEE NOTE - 8: the costs included in total project costs for the pre-Agreement design work determined in accordance with Article II.N. of this Agreement]; the Government’s share of financial obligations for data recovery activities pursuant to Article XVII.E. of this Agreement; the Non-Federal Sponsor’s share of financial obligations for data recovery activities pursuant to Article XVII.E. of this Agreement; and the Government’s total financial obligations to be incurred for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Non-Federal Sponsor’s contribution of funds for such obligations required by Article II.L. of this Agreement.

B. The Government, subject to the availability of funds, shall reimburse the Non-Federal Sponsor, in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph, the amount required pursuant to Article II.D. of this Agreement.

1. Periodically, but not more frequently than once every 30 calendar days, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide the Government with a sufficient invoice for costs the Non-Federal Sponsor has incurred for the Project.

2. Upon receipt of such sufficient invoice, the Government shall review the costs identified therein and shall determine: (a) the amount to be included in total project costs, subject to the limitations in Article II.C. of this Agreement; (b) the total costs incurred by the parties to date (including the value of lands, easements, rights-of-way, and relocations, and the costs of permits determined in accordance with Article IV of this Agreement); (c) each party’s share of
total project costs and the costs of data recovery activities in accordance with Article XVII.E. of this Agreement incurred by the parties to date; (d) the costs incurred by each party to date; (e) the total amount of reimbursements the Government has made to date in accordance with this paragraph; (f) the balance of Federal funds available for the Project, as of the date of such review; (g) the amount of reimbursement, if any, due to the Non-Federal Sponsor; and (h) the amount that actually will be paid to the Non-Federal Sponsor (hereinafter the “payment amount”) if the amount of reimbursement determined above cannot be fully paid due to an insufficiency of Federal funds or the limitations of the [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho (2) Section 595 Program Limit for Montana (3) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada (4) Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico (5) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah (6) Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming] or the Section 102 Limit.

3. Within 30 calendar days after receipt of the sufficient invoice provided in accordance with paragraph B.1. of this Article (hereinafter the “payment period”), the Government shall: furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor written notice of the determinations made in accordance with paragraph B.2. of this Article; provide an explanation, if necessary, of why the payment amount is less than the amount of reimbursement determined due to the Non-Federal Sponsor; and make a payment to the Non-Federal Sponsor equal to the payment amount.

4. If the payment amount is not paid by the end of the payment period, the designated payment office shall credit to the Non-Federal Sponsor’s account an interest penalty on the payment amount, without request from the Non-Federal Sponsor. Unless prescribed by other Federal authority, the interest penalty shall be at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) that is in effect on the first day after the end of the payment period.

   a. The interest penalty shall accrue daily from the first day after the end of the payment period through the date on which the payment is made. Accruals shall be compounded at 30 calendar day intervals through the date on which the payment is made.

   b. The interest penalty shall not accrue, nor be compounded, during suspension of all of the Government’s future performance or during suspension of only the Government’s future performance to provide reimbursement. Further no interest penalty shall accrue, nor be compounded, upon termination of this Agreement under Article XIII of this Agreement.

[SEE NOTE - 18]

C. Upon conclusion of the period of design and construction and resolution of all relevant claims and appeals and eminent domain proceedings, the Government shall conduct a final accounting and furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor with written notice of the results of such final accounting. If outstanding relevant claims and appeals or eminent domain proceedings prevent a final accounting from being conducted in a timely manner, the Government shall conduct an interim accounting and furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor with written notice of the results of such
interim accounting. Once all outstanding relevant claims and appeals and eminent domain proceedings are resolved, the Government shall amend the interim accounting to complete the final accounting and furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor with written notice of the results of such final accounting. The interim or final accounting, as applicable, shall determine total project costs and the costs of any data recovery activities. In addition, for each set of costs, the interim or final accounting, as applicable, shall determine each party’s required share thereof, and each party’s total contributions thereto as of the date of such accounting.

1. Should the interim or final accounting, as applicable, show that the Government’s total required shares of total project costs and the costs of any data recovery activities exceed the Government’s total contributions provided thereto, the Government, no later than 90 calendar days after completion of the interim or final accounting, as applicable, shall make a payment to the Non-Federal Sponsor, subject to the availability of funds and as limited by the [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Section 595 Program Limit for Idaho (2) Section 595 Program Limit for Montana (3) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Nevada (4) Section 595 Program Limit for New Mexico (5) Section 595 Program Limit for rural Utah (6) Section 595 Program Limit for Wyoming] and the Section 102 Limit, in an amount equal to the difference.

2. Should the interim or final accounting, as applicable, show that the total contributions provided by the Government for total project costs and the costs of any data recovery activities exceed the Government’s total required shares thereof, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall refund the excess amount to the Government within 90 calendar days of the date of completion of such accounting by delivering a check payable to “FAO, USAED, [APPROPRIATE USACE DISTRICT & EROC]” to the District Engineer or by providing an Electronic Funds Transfer in accordance with procedures established by the Government. In the event the Government is due a refund and funds are not available to refund the excess to the Government, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall seek such appropriations as are necessary to make the refund.

D. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide the contribution of funds required by Article II.L. of this Agreement for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

1. Not less than [SEE NOTE - 19] calendar days prior to the scheduled date for the first financial obligation for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor, the Government shall notify the Non-Federal Sponsor in writing of such scheduled date and of the full amount of funds the Government determines to be required from the Non-Federal Sponsor to cover the costs of such work. No later than 30 calendar days prior to the Government incurring any financial obligation for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide the Government with the full amount of the funds required to cover the costs of such work by delivering a check payable to “FAO, USAED, [APPROPRIATE USACE DISTRICT & EROC]” to the District Engineer, or verifying to the satisfaction of the Government that the Non-Federal Sponsor has deposited the required funds in an escrow or other account acceptable
to the Government, with interest accruing to the Non-Federal Sponsor, or by presenting the Government with an irrevocable letter of credit acceptable to the Government for the required funds, or by providing an Electronic Funds Transfer of the required funds in accordance with procedures established by the Government.

2. The Government shall draw from the funds provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor such sums as the Government deems necessary to cover the Government’s financial obligations for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor as they are incurred. If at any time the Government determines that the Non-Federal Sponsor must provide additional funds to pay for such work, the Government shall notify the Non-Federal Sponsor in writing of the additional funds required and provide an explanation of why additional funds are required. Within [SEE NOTE – 20 - NOT TO EXCEED 30] calendar days from receipt of such notice, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall provide the Government with the full amount of the additional required funds through any of the payment mechanisms specified in paragraph D.1. of this Article.

3. At the time the Government conducts the interim or final accounting, as applicable, the Government shall conduct an accounting of the Government’s financial obligations incurred for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor and furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor with written notice of the results of such accounting. If outstanding relevant claims and appeals or eminent domain proceedings prevent a final accounting of such work from being conducted in a timely manner, the Government shall conduct an interim accounting of such work and furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor with written notice of the results of such interim accounting. Once all outstanding relevant claims and appeals and eminent domain proceedings are resolved, the Government shall amend the interim accounting to complete the final accounting and furnish the Non-Federal Sponsor with written notice of the results of such final accounting. Such interim or final accounting, as applicable, shall determine the Government’s total financial obligations for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Non-Federal Sponsor’s contribution of funds provided thereto as of the date of such accounting.

a. Should the interim or final accounting, as applicable, show that the total obligations for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-Federal Sponsor exceed the total contribution of funds provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor for such work, the Non-Federal Sponsor, no later than 90 calendar days after receipt of written notice from the Government, shall make a payment to the Government in an amount equal to the difference by delivering a check payable to “FAO, USAED, [APPROPRIATE USACE DISTRICT & EROC]” to the District Engineer or by providing an Electronic Funds Transfer in accordance with procedures established by the Government.

b. Should the interim or final accounting, as applicable, show that the total contribution of funds provided by the Non-Federal Sponsor for acquisition of lands, easements, or rights-of-way or performance of relocations for the Project on behalf of the Non-
Federal Sponsor exceeds the total obligations for such work, the Government, subject to the availability of funds, shall refund the excess amount to the Non-Federal Sponsor within 90 calendar days of the date of completion of such accounting. In the event the Non-Federal Sponsor is due a refund and funds are not available to refund the excess amount to the Non-Federal Sponsor, the Government shall seek such appropriations as are necessary to make the refund.

ARTICLE VII - DISPUTE RESOLUTION

As a condition precedent to a party bringing any suit for breach of this Agreement, that party must first notify the other party in writing of the nature of the purported breach and seek in good faith to resolve the dispute through negotiation. If the parties cannot resolve the dispute through negotiation, they may agree to a mutually acceptable method of non-binding alternative dispute resolution with a qualified third party acceptable to both parties. Each party shall pay an equal share of any costs for the services provided by such a third party as such costs are incurred. The existence of a dispute shall not excuse the parties from performance pursuant to this Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII – OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, REHABILITATION, AND REPLACEMENT (OMRR&R)

A. Upon completion of construction and final inspection by the Government in accordance with Article II.A.6. of this Agreement, the Non-Federal Sponsor, pursuant to Article II.G. of this Agreement, shall operate, maintain, repair, rehabilitate, and replace the entire Project, or a completed portion thereof as the case may be, at no cost to the Government. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall conduct its operation, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and replacement responsibilities in a manner compatible with the Project's authorized purposes and in accordance with specific directions prescribed by the Government in the interim or final OMRR&R Manual and any subsequent amendments thereto.

[SEE NOTE - 21]

B. The Non-Federal Sponsor hereby gives the Government a right to enter, at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner, upon property that the Non-Federal Sponsor now or hereafter owns or controls for access to the Project for the purpose of inspection, if the Government determines an inspection to be necessary. If an inspection shows that the Non-Federal Sponsor for any reason is failing to perform its obligations under this Agreement, the Government shall send a written notice describing the non-performance to the Non-Federal Sponsor.

ARTICLE IX – HOLD AND SAVE

[SEE NOTE - 22: Subject to the provisions of Article XIX of this Agreement, the]
Non-Federal Sponsor shall hold and save the Government free from all damages arising from design, construction, operation, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and replacement of the Project and any betterments, except for damages due to the fault or negligence of the Government or its contractors.

ARTICLE X - MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS AND AUDIT

A. Not later than 60 calendar days after the effective date of this Agreement, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor shall develop procedures for keeping books, records, documents, or other evidence pertaining to costs and expenses incurred pursuant to this Agreement. These procedures shall incorporate, and apply as appropriate, the standards for financial management systems set forth in the Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments at 32 C.F.R. Section 33.20. The Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor shall maintain such books, records, documents, or other evidence in accordance with these procedures and for a minimum of three years after completion of the accounting for which such books, records, documents, or other evidence were required. To the extent permitted under applicable Federal laws and regulations, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor shall each allow the other to inspect such books, records, documents, or other evidence.

B. In accordance with 32 C.F.R. Section 33.26, the Non-Federal Sponsor is responsible for complying with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 7501-7507), as implemented by Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-133 and Department of Defense Directive 7600.10. Upon request of the Non-Federal Sponsor and to the extent permitted under applicable Federal laws and regulations, the Government shall provide to the Non-Federal Sponsor and independent auditors any information necessary to enable an audit of the Non-Federal Sponsor's activities under this Agreement. The costs of any non-Federal audits performed in accordance with this paragraph shall be allocated in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circulars A-87 and A-133, and such costs as are allocated to the Project shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

C. In accordance with 31 U.S.C. 7503, the Government may conduct audits in addition to any audit that the Non-Federal Sponsor is required to conduct under the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. Any such Government audits shall be conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and the cost principles in OMB Circular No. A-87 and other applicable cost principles and regulations. The costs of Government audits performed in accordance with this paragraph shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XI - FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS

In the exercise of their respective rights and obligations under this Agreement, the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government shall comply with all applicable Federal and State laws and
regulations, including, but not limited to: Section 601 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Public Law 88-352 (42 U.S.C. 2000d) and Department of Defense Directive 5500.11 issued pursuant thereto; Army Regulation 600-7, entitled “Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap in Programs and Activities Assisted or Conducted by the Department of the Army”; and all applicable Federal labor standards requirements including, but not limited to, 40 U.S.C. 3141-3148 and 40 U.S.C. 3701-3708 (revising, codifying and enacting without substantive change the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276a et seq.), the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 327 et seq.) and the Copeland Anti-Kickback Act (formerly 40 U.S.C. 276c)).

ARTICLE XII - RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES

A. In the exercise of their respective rights and obligations under this Agreement, the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor each act in an independent capacity, and neither is to be considered the officer, agent, or employee of the other.

B. In the exercise of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, neither party shall provide, without the consent of the other party, any contractor with a release that waives or purports to waive any rights the other party may have to seek relief or redress against that contractor either pursuant to any cause of action that the other party may have or for violation of any law.

ARTICLE XIII - TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION

A. If at any time the Non-Federal Sponsor fails to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement, the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works) shall terminate this Agreement or suspend the Government’s future performance under this Agreement.

[SEE NOTE – 12]

B. In the event all of the Government’s future performance under this Agreement or only the Government’s future performance to provide reimbursement is suspended pursuant to Article II.E.2. of this Agreement such suspension shall remain in effect until such time that the Government notifies the Non-Federal Sponsor in writing that sufficient Federal funds are available to meet the Federal share of total project costs and the Federal share of costs for data recovery activities in accordance with Article XVII.D. and Article XVII.E. of this Agreement the Government projects to be incurred through the then-current or upcoming fiscal year, or the Government or the Non-Federal Sponsor elects to terminate this Agreement.

C. In the event that the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor determine to suspend future performance under this Agreement in accordance with Article XIV.C. of this Agreement, such suspension shall remain in effect until the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor agree to proceed or to terminate this Agreement. In the event that the Government suspends future performance under this Agreement in accordance with Article XIV.C. of this Agreement due to
failure to reach agreement with the Non-Federal Sponsor on whether to proceed or to terminate this Agreement, or the failure of the Non-Federal Sponsor to provide funds to pay for cleanup and response costs or to otherwise discharge the Non-Federal Sponsor’s responsibilities under Article XIV.C. of this Agreement, such suspension shall remain in effect until: 1) the Government and Non-Federal Sponsor reach agreement on how to proceed or to terminate this Agreement; 2) the Non-Federal Sponsor provides funds necessary to pay for cleanup and response costs and otherwise discharges its responsibilities under Article XIV.C. of this Agreement; or 3) the Government terminates this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of Article XIV.C. of this Agreement.

D. If after completion of the design portion of the Project the parties mutually agree in writing not to proceed with construction of the Project, the parties shall conclude their activities relating to the Project and conduct an accounting in accordance with Article VI.C. of this Agreement.

E. In the event that this Agreement is terminated pursuant to this Article or Article II.E. or Article XIV.C. of this Agreement, both parties shall conclude their activities relating to the Project and conduct an accounting in accordance with Article VI.C. of this Agreement. The Government may reserve a percentage of total Federal funds made available for the Project as a contingency to pay costs of termination. Notwithstanding such termination, the Non-Federal Sponsor may continue with design and construction of the Project, at no cost to the Government.

F. Any termination of this Agreement or suspension of future performance under this Agreement in accordance with this Article or Article II.E. or Article XIV.C. of this Agreement shall not relieve the parties of liability for any obligation previously incurred. Any delinquent payment owed by the Non-Federal Sponsor shall be charged interest at a rate, to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, equal to 150 per centum of the average bond equivalent rate of the 13 week Treasury bills auctioned immediately prior to the date on which such payment became delinquent, or auctioned immediately prior to the beginning of each additional 3 month period if the period of delinquency exceeds 3 months.

[SEE NOTE – 23]

ARTICLE XIV - HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

A. After execution of this Agreement and coordination with the Government, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall perform, or ensure performance of, any investigations for hazardous substances that the Government or the Non-Federal Sponsor determines to be necessary to identify the existence and extent of any hazardous substances regulated under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (hereinafter “CERCLA”) (42 U.S.C. 9601-9675), that may exist in, on, or under lands, easements, and rights-of-way that either the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine pursuant to Article III of this Agreement, or that the Non-Federal Sponsor otherwise determines, to be required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project. However, for lands, easements, and rights-of-way that the Government determines to be subject to the navigation servitude, only the Government shall perform such investigations unless the District Engineer
provides the Non-Federal Sponsor with prior specific written direction, in which case the Non-
Federal Sponsor shall perform such investigations in accordance with such written direction.

1. All actual costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor for such investigations for hazardous substances in, on, or under any lands, easements, or rights-of-way that the Non-
Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine to be required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, pursuant to Article III of this Agreement, shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs.

2. All actual costs incurred by the Government for such investigations for hazardous substances shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

B. In the event it is discovered through any investigation for hazardous substances or other means that hazardous substances regulated under CERCLA exist in, on, or under any lands, easements, or rights-of-way that either the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine pursuant to Article III of this Agreement, or that the Non-Federal Sponsor otherwise determines, to be required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project, the Non-
Federal Sponsor and the Government, in addition to providing any other notice required by applicable law, shall provide prompt written notice to each other, and the Non-Federal Sponsor shall not proceed with the acquisition of the real property interests until the parties agree that the Non-Federal Sponsor should proceed.

C. The Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor shall determine whether to initiate construction of the Project, or, if already in construction, whether to continue with construction of the Project, suspend future performance under this Agreement, or terminate this Agreement, in any case where hazardous substances regulated under CERCLA are found to exist in, on, or under any lands, easements, or rights-of-way that either the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government jointly determine pursuant to Article III of this Agreement, or that the Non-Federal Sponsor otherwise determines, to be required for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project. Should the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor determine to initiate or continue with construction of the Project after considering any liability that may arise under CERCLA, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall be responsible, as between the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor, for the costs of cleanup and response, including the costs of any studies and investigations necessary to determine an appropriate response to the contamination. Such costs shall not be considered a part of total project costs. In the event the Non-Federal Sponsor does not reach agreement with the Government on whether to proceed or to terminate this Agreement under this paragraph, or fails to provide any funds necessary to pay for cleanup and response costs or to otherwise discharge the Non-Federal Sponsor's responsibilities under this paragraph upon direction by the Government, the Government, in its sole discretion, may either terminate this Agreement or suspend its future performance under this Agreement, including reimbursement pursuant to Article II.D. of this Agreement.
D. The Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government shall consult with each other in accordance with Article V of this Agreement in an effort to ensure that responsible parties bear any necessary cleanup and response costs as defined in CERCLA. Any decision made pursuant to paragraph C. of this Article shall not relieve any third party from any liability that may arise under CERCLA.

E. As between the Government and the Non-Federal Sponsor, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall be considered the operator of the Project for purposes of CERCLA liability. To the maximum extent practicable, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall operate, maintain, repair, rehabilitate, and replace the Project in a manner that will not cause liability to arise under CERCLA.

ARTICLE XV - NOTICES

A. Any notice, request, demand, or other communication required or permitted to be given under this Agreement shall be deemed to have been duly given if in writing and delivered personally or sent by telegram or mailed by first-class, registered, or certified mail, as follows:

[SEE NOTE - 24]

If to the Non-Federal Sponsor:

If to the Government:

B. A party may change the address to which such communications are to be directed by giving written notice to the other party in the manner provided in this Article.

C. Any notice, request, demand, or other communication made pursuant to this Article shall be deemed to have been received by the addressee at the earlier of such time as it is actually received or seven calendar days after it is mailed.

ARTICLE XVI - CONFIDENTIALITY

To the extent permitted by the laws governing each party, the parties agree to maintain the confidentiality of exchanged information when requested to do so by the providing party.

ARTICLE XVII - HISTORIC PRESERVATION

A. The Government shall ensure compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470f; hereinafter “Section 106”) prior to initiation of construction by the Non-Federal Sponsor. At the Government’s request, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall prepare information, analyses, and recommendations as required by Section 106 and implementing regulations. Any costs incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor relating to compliance with this
paragraph shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs. Any costs incurred by the Government relating to compliance with this paragraph shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

B. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall perform any identification, survey, evaluation, or mitigation (except for data recovery activities) of historic properties the Government determines necessary for the Project, in accordance with this paragraph.

1. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall ensure that its studies are conducted by qualified archaeologists, historians, architectural historians and historic architects, as appropriate, who meet, at minimum, the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall submit study plans and reports to the Government for review and approval and shall be responsible for resolving any deficiencies.

2. In the event the Government determines that mitigation (except for data recovery activities) should be undertaken due to possible adverse effects to significant archeological or historical properties, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall formulate a plan in consultation with the Government and any other parties involved in the development of a Memorandum of Agreement executed in accordance with Section 106.

3. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall be responsible for implementing mitigation (except for data recovery activities) prior to the initiation of any construction activities affecting historic properties.

4. Any costs of identification, survey, evaluation, and mitigation (except for data recovery activities) of historic properties incurred by the Non-Federal Sponsor pursuant to paragraph B. of this Article shall be included in total project costs and shared in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, subject to an audit in accordance with Article X.C. of this Agreement to determine reasonableness, allocability, and allowability of costs.

C. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall include provisions in all of its construction contracts for the protection of cultural resources discovered during construction. These provisions shall include, at a minimum, the requirement to cease all work in the immediate area of a discovered cultural resource until the situation is properly evaluated, and the requirement to immediately provide verbal and written notice to the Non-Federal Sponsor and Government in the event of such discovery. Upon receipt of notice that cultural resources have been discovered, the Government, pursuant to its responsibilities under the National Historic Preservation Act, must authorize further action or study before construction may continue. If the Government concludes that such discovery warrants consultation under the National Historic Preservation Act, the Non-Federal Sponsor shall participate as a consulting party. In such a case, construction shall not continue until the Government sends written notification to the Non-Federal Sponsor. Where the Non-Federal Sponsor elects to perform the construction using its own forces, the same procedures shall be followed.
D. The Government, as it determines necessary for the Project, shall perform any data recovery activities associated with historic preservation. As specified in Section 7(a) of Public Law 86-523, as amended by Public Law 93-291 (16 U.S.C. 469c(a)), the costs of data recovery activities associated with historic preservation for this Project and all other projects in [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Idaho (2) Montana (3) rural Nevada (4) New Mexico (5) rural Utah (6) Wyoming] implemented pursuant to the Section 595 Program shall be borne entirely by the Government up to the statutory limit of one percent of the total amount authorized to be appropriated to the Government for the Section 595 Program in [SEE NOTE - 7 - CHOOSE: (1) Idaho. (2) Montana. (3) rural Nevada. (4) New Mexico. (5) rural Utah. (6) Wyoming.] None of the costs of data recovery activities shall be included in total project costs.

E. The Government shall not incur costs for data recovery activities that exceed the statutory one percent limit specified in paragraph D. of this Article unless and until the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works) has waived that limit, and the Secretary of the Interior has concurred in the waiver, in accordance with Section 208(3) of Public Law 96-515, as amended (16 U.S.C. Section 469c-2(3)). Any costs of data recovery activities that exceed the one percent limit shall not be included in total project costs but shall be shared between the Non-Federal Sponsor and the Government consistent with the cost sharing requirements of the Section 595 Program, as follows: 25 percent will be borne by the Non-Federal Sponsor and 75 percent will be borne by the Government.

[SEE NOTE – 25]

ARTICLE XVIII - THIRD PARTY RIGHTS, BENEFITS, OR LIABILITIES

Nothing in this Agreement is intended, nor may be construed, to create any rights, confer any benefits, or relieve any liability, of any kind whatsoever in any third person not party to this Agreement.

[SEE NOTE – 26]

ARTICLE XIX - OBLIGATIONS OF FUTURE APPROPRIATIONS

A. Nothing herein shall constitute, nor be deemed to constitute, an obligation of future appropriations by the ______ of the ______ of ______ [SEE NOTE - 27: , where creating such an obligation would be inconsistent with ______ of the ______ of ______].

B. The Non-Federal Sponsor intends to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement. The Non-Federal Sponsor shall include in its budget request or otherwise propose appropriations of funds in amounts sufficient to fulfill these obligations for that [SEE NOTE - 28 - CHOOSE: (1) year, (2) biennium,] and shall use all reasonable and lawful means to secure those appropriations. The Non-Federal Sponsor reasonably believes that funds in amounts sufficient to fulfill these obligations lawfully can and will be appropriated and made available for this purpose. In the event funds are not appropriated in amounts sufficient to fulfill these obligations, the
Non-Federal Sponsor shall use its best efforts to satisfy any requirements for payments or contributions of funds under this Agreement from any other source of funds legally available for this purpose. Further, if the Non-Federal Sponsor is unable to fulfill these obligations, the Government may exercise any legal rights it has to protect the Government’s interests related to this Agreement.

[SEE NOTE - 29]

ARTICLE XX – TRIBAL SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY

By ________ dated ________, the Non-Federal Sponsor waived any sovereign immunity that it may possess from suit by the United States in an appropriate Federal Court related to the provisions, terms, and conditions contained in this Agreement. Further, such ________ authorized [SEE NOTE - 6] ________ to include such waiver as part of this Agreement. Accordingly, the Non-Federal Sponsor hereby waives any sovereign immunity that it may possess from suit by the United States in an appropriate Federal Court to: (1) enforce the terms and conditions of this Agreement; (2) recover damages for any breach of the terms and conditions of this Agreement; and (3) seek indemnification or contribution based on the Non-Federal Sponsor’s obligations under Article IX of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement, which shall become effective upon the date it is signed by the [SEE NOTE - 30].

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY (FULL NAME OF NON-FEDERAL SPONSOR)

BY: ________ [SIGNATURE] [TYPED NAME] [TITLE IN FULL]

DATE: ____________________

BY: ________ [SIGNATURE] [TYPED NAME] [TITLE IN FULL]

DATE: ____________________
CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

I, Jason Guinasso, do hereby certify that I am the principal legal officer of the Incline Village General Improvement District, that the Incline Village General Improvement District is a legally constituted public body with full authority and legal capability to perform the terms of the Agreement between the Department of the Army and the Incline Village General Improvement District in connection with the Effluent Export Line Pond Lining Project, and to pay damages, if necessary, in the event of the failure to perform in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and that the persons who have executed this Agreement on behalf of the Incline Village General Improvement District have acted within their statutory authority.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have made and executed this certification this ____________ day of ________________ ___.

____________________________________
Jason D. Guinasso, Esq.
District Designated Lawyer
CERTIFICATION REGARDING LOBBYING

The undersigned certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 and not more than $100,000 for each such failure.

___________________________________________
Kendra Wong, Chairwoman
IVGID Board of Trustees

DATE: ________________________________